



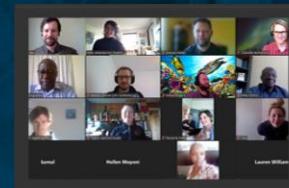
UN
environment
programme



Sweden
Sverige

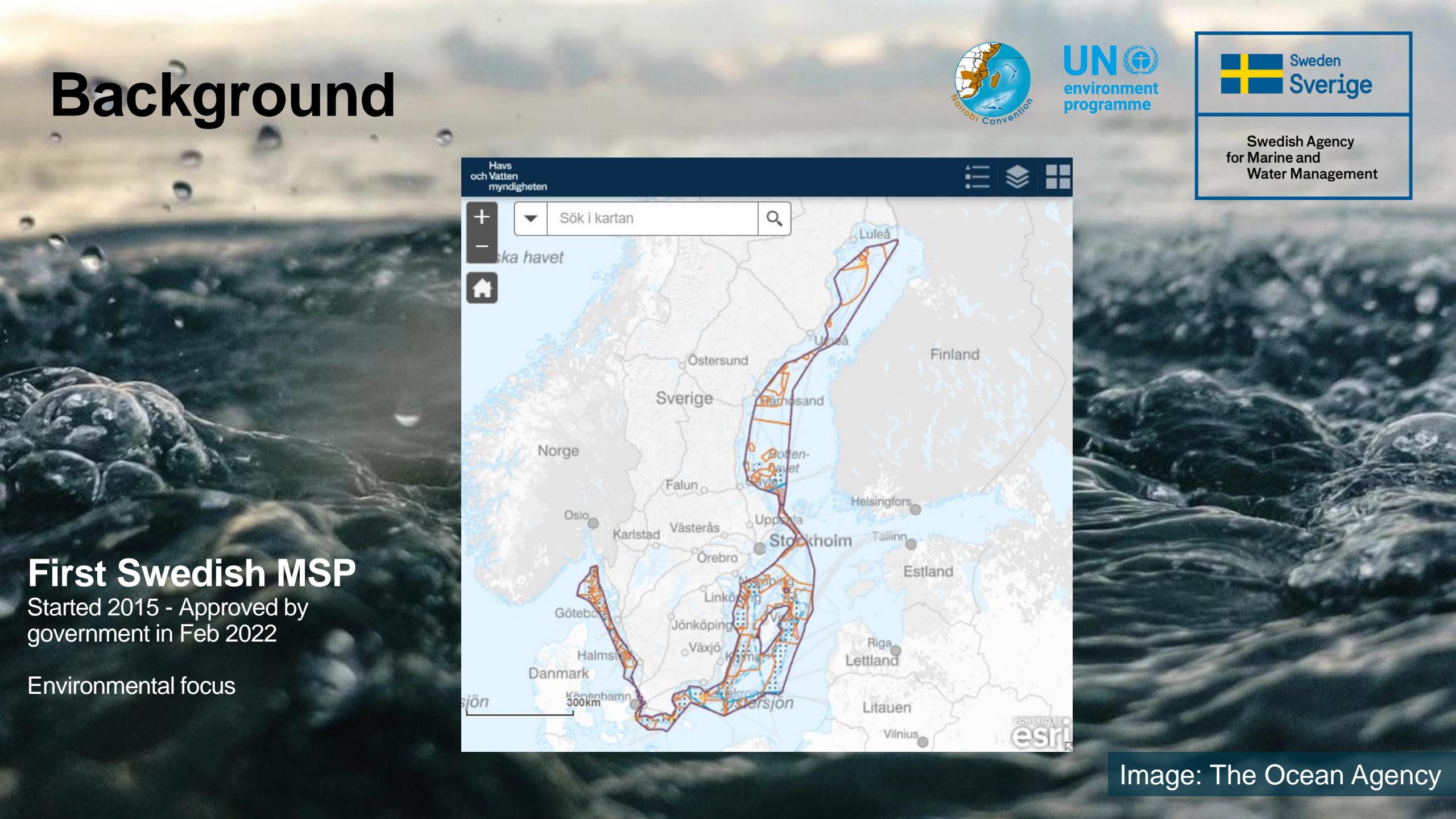
Swedish Agency
for Marine and
Water Management

WIO Symphony



www.nairobiconvention.org/wio-symphony

Background



First Swedish MSP
Started 2015 - Approved by government in Feb 2022
Environmental focus

Havs och Vatten myndigheten

Sök i kartan

Narobi Convention

UN environment programme

Sweden Sverige

Swedish Agency for Marine and Water Management

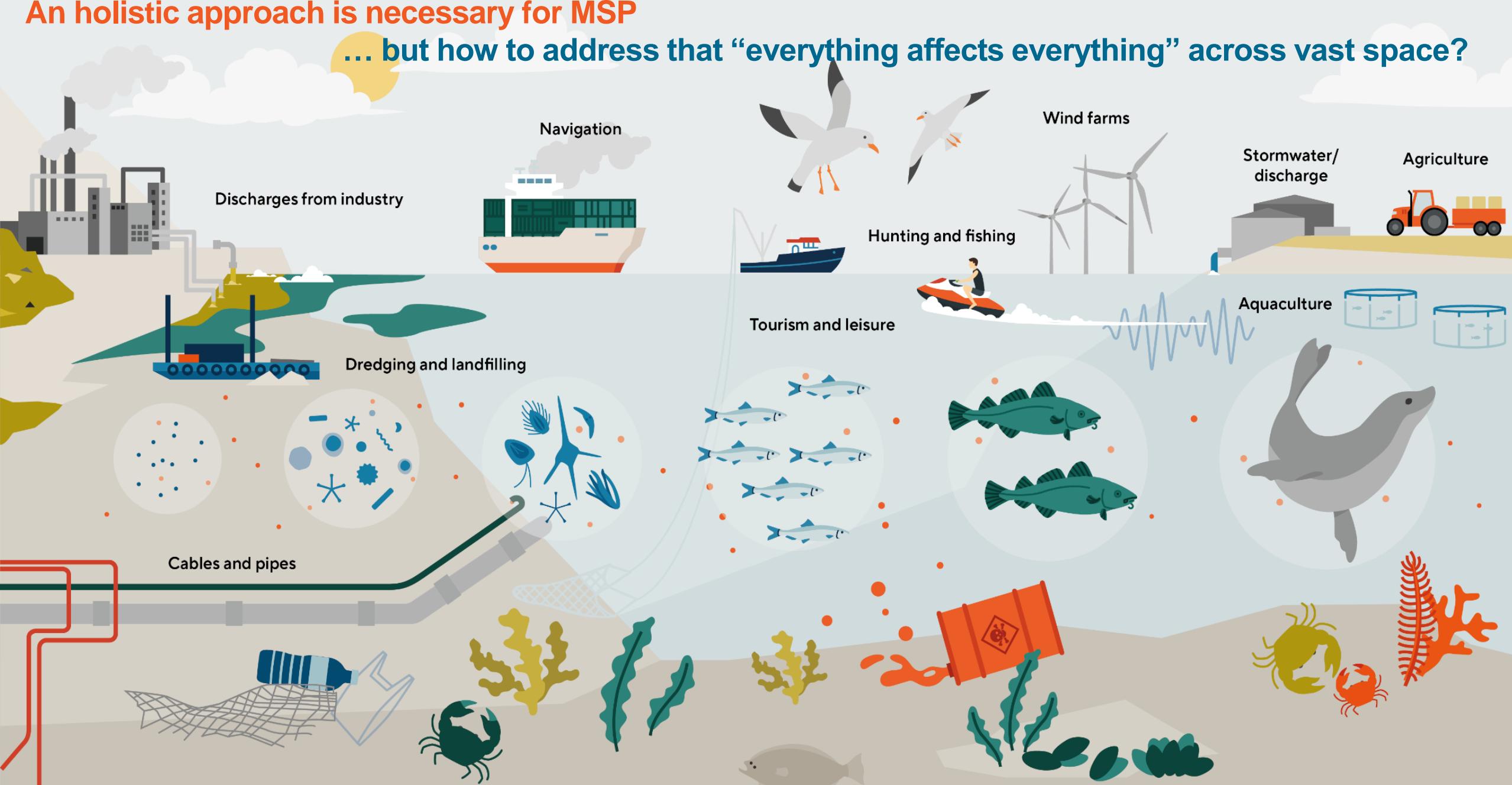
Powered by esri

The map shows the coastlines of Sweden, Norway, Denmark, and parts of Finland, Estonia, and Lithuania. It highlights several marine protected areas (MPAs) in orange and blue. Key locations labeled include Luleå, Umeå, Narosand, Boten-sjöet, Östersund, Falun, Oslo, Karlstad, Västerås, Örebro, Linköping, Jönköping, Växjö, Halmstad, Göteborg, Malmö, Copenhagen, and Stockholm. A scale bar indicates 300km.

Image: The Ocean Agency

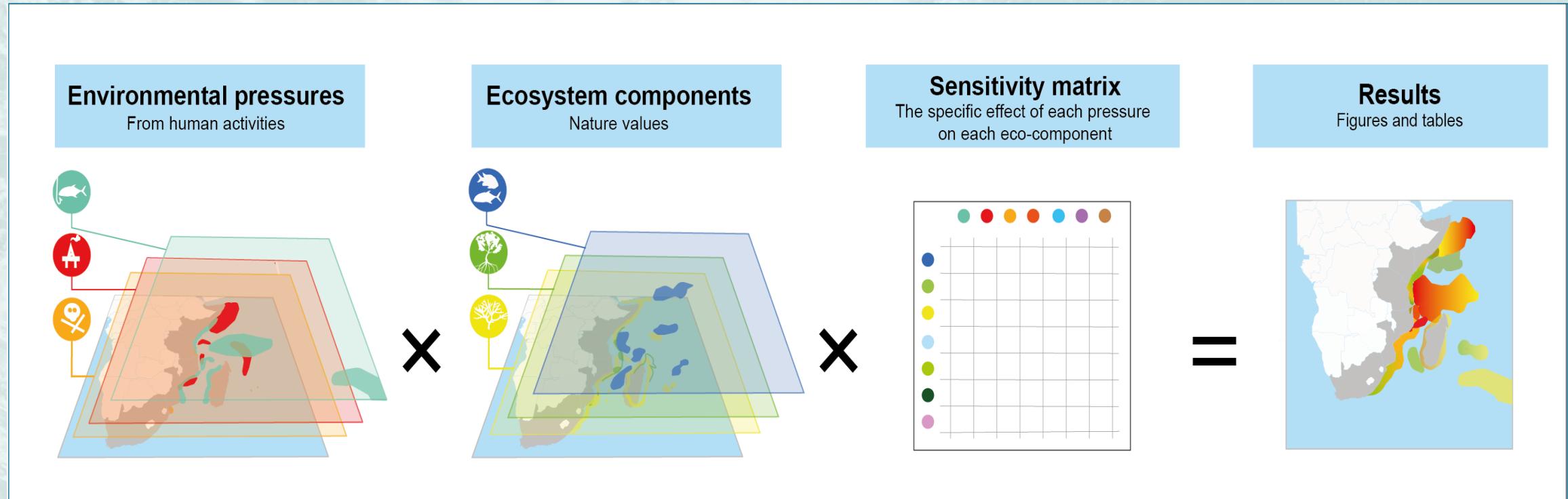
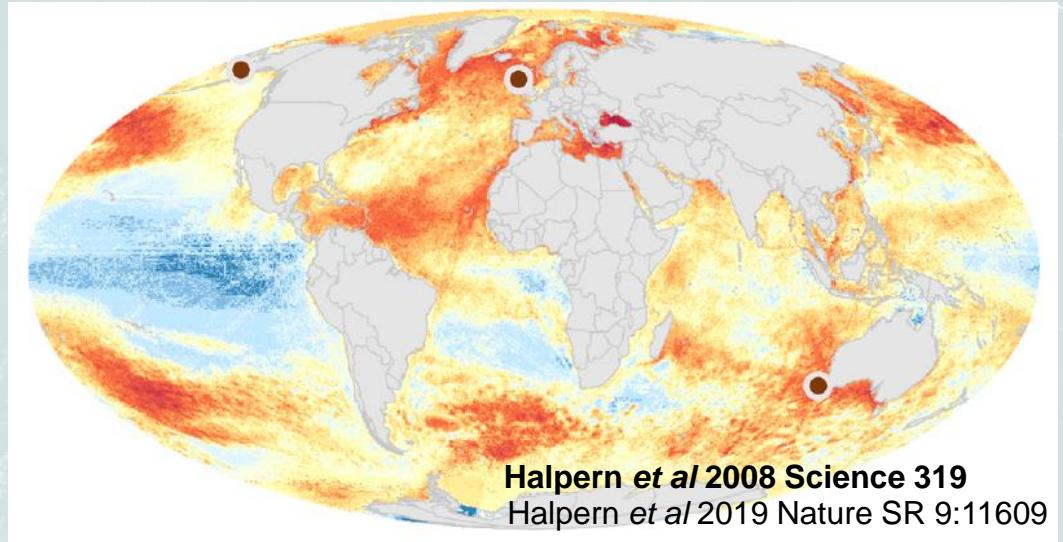
An holistic approach is necessary for MSP

... but how to address that “everything affects everything” across vast space?



Cumulative impact assessment

Models behind the map





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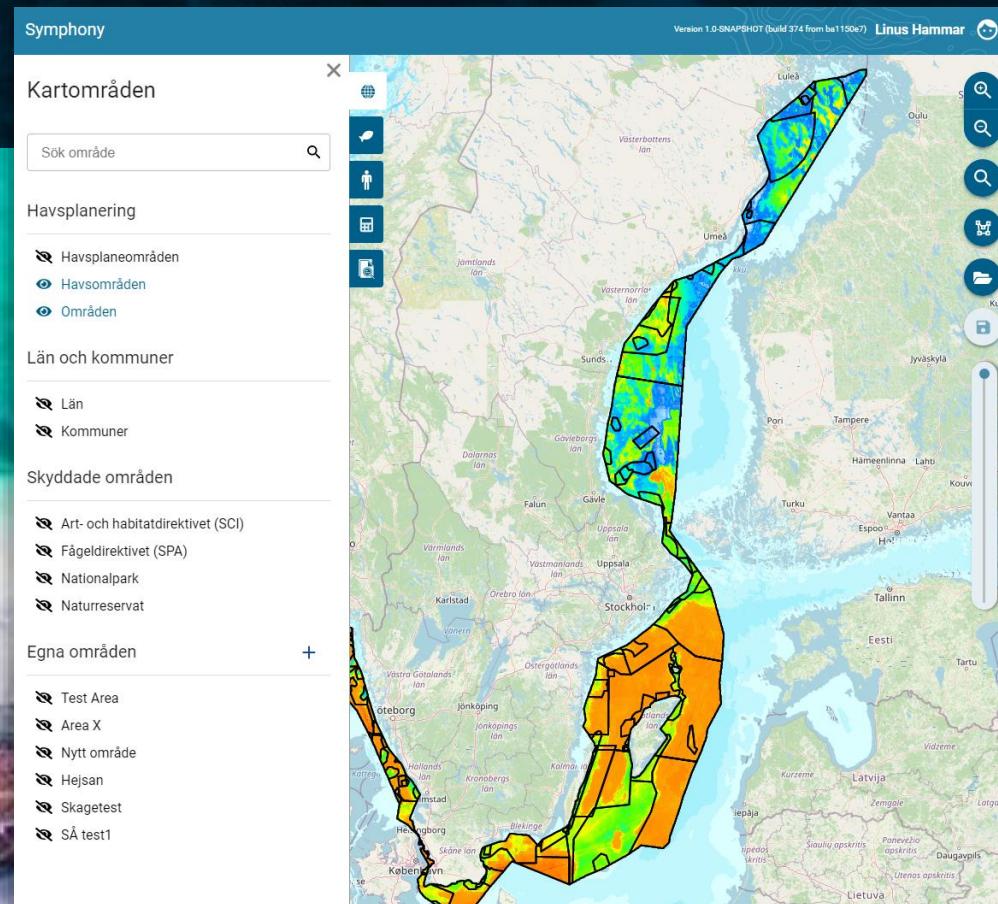
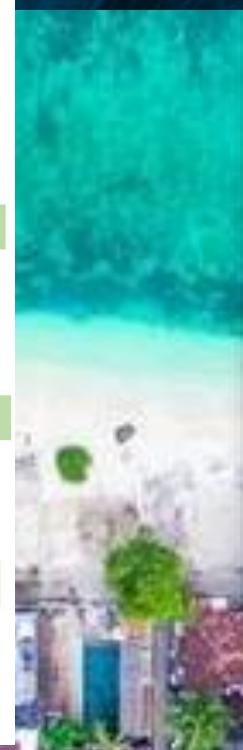
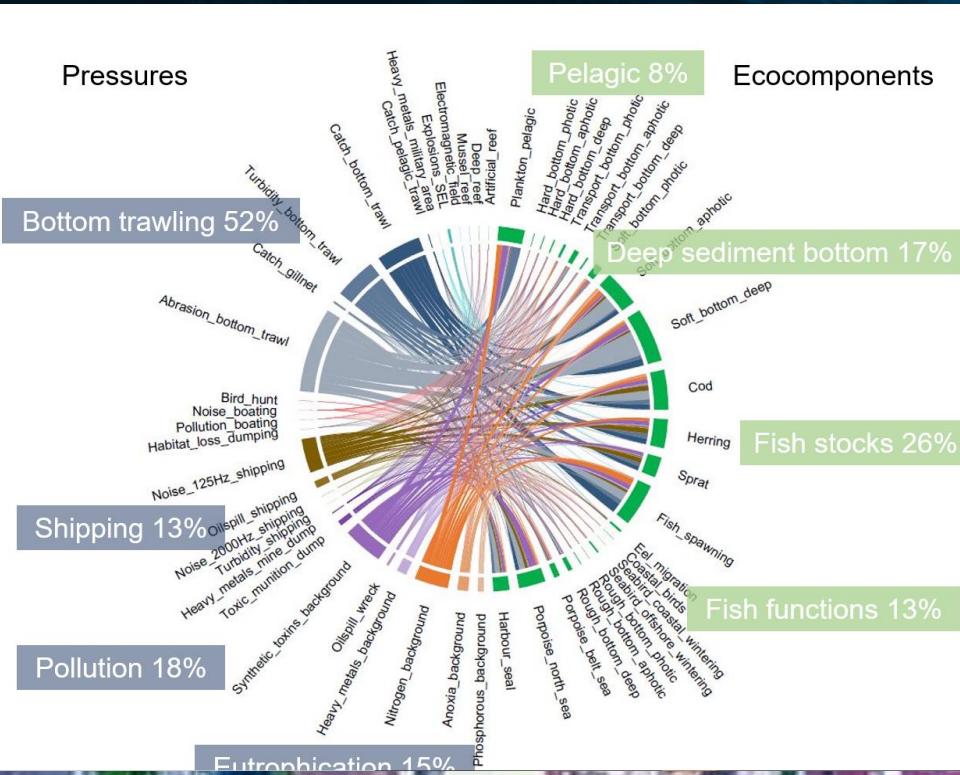


Sweden
Sverige

Swedish Agency
for Marine and
Water Management

Development of Symphony in Sweden

We collected a lot of spatial data, produced maps,
and developed an analytic tool (software)





SwAM Ocean – reducing poverty through sustainable use of the ocean

- » SwAM's development cooperation program 2019-2023
- » Funded by SIDA and Swedish EPA
- » Continued program post 2023 under preparation

www.havochvatten.se/swam-ocean

Focus areas

- » Support MSP
- » Managing MPAs
- » Transparency in fisheries
- » Blue Growth



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SwAM Ocean

2019-2023



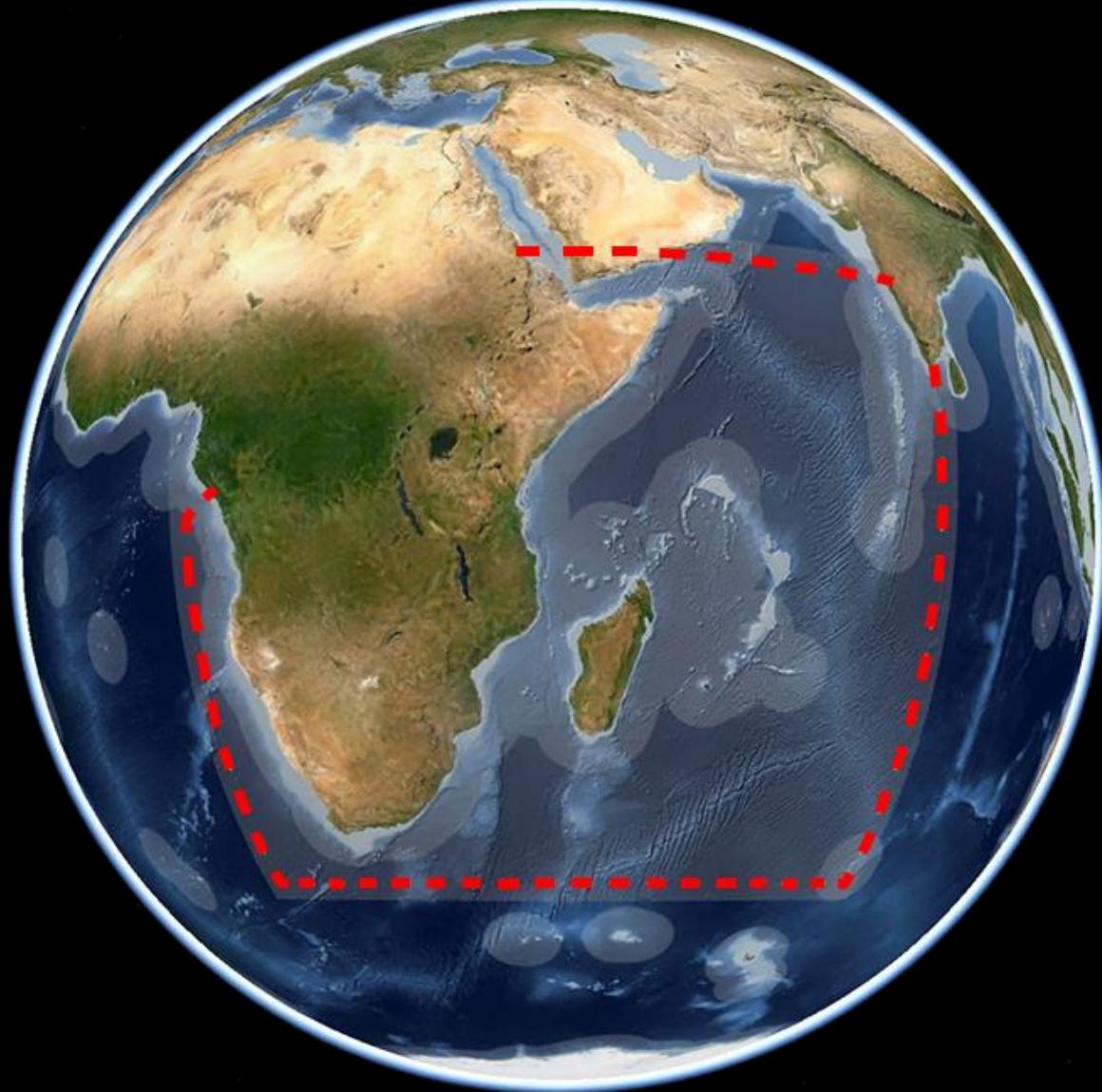
The Swedish International
Development Cooperation Agency

43,000,000 SEK



from Symphony to WIO Symphony

on request by Nairobi Convention 2019



WIO Symphony co-development



Swedish Agency
for Marine and
Water Management

- » **Technical Working Group (TWG)** through Nairobi Convention provides the core, representing 10 countries in WIO
- » **Swedish team** has experience of developing the Swedish Symphony tool
- » **Regional experts** and **national teams** add scientific information and advice
- » **International marine community** essential for data and collaboration
- » **Activities** include Workshops – Thematic Groups – Trainings – Data collection – Modeling – Review – Implementation

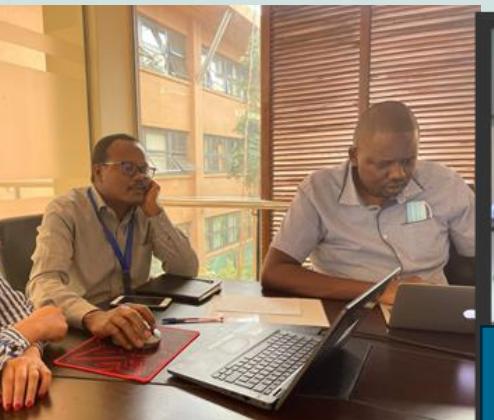
Online workshop series 2020-2022

Mombasa workshop 2022

Comoros training 2022



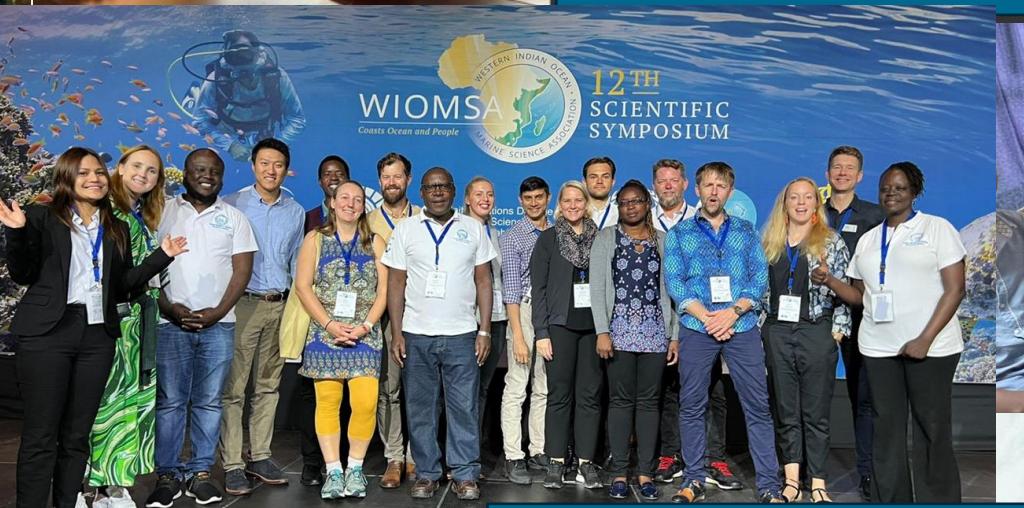
WIO Symphony meeting, South Africa



Online webinars 2020-2023



Swedish Agency
for Marine and
Water Management



First WIO Symphony
Launched, South Africa



Comoros GIS workshop



Technical workshop
Mombasa



A capacity development workshop
on marine spatial planning (MSP)



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Data behind the WIO Symphony



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1: Data layers

Source data – R shiny app

wiosym data upload
Please fill in the details of the dataset below. Once you have done that click 'Submit'. Then you can add your data to the folder specified below.

* required input

Import existing metadata
Import existing metadata. Import the id_wiosym or file associated with the data to load the metadata into the shiny app.
Browse... File selected

Uploaded by user
Please provide your name in e.g. 'test' - do not write your full name

Data provider
If the data provider is not on the list, you may input the provider name manually. If you use manual input for the provider, please use an abbreviated version of the provider name. For example, if the provider is Global Fishing Watch, type 'Global' as the provider. This may add further information about the provider in the Additional comments section below.

Selected from list:

See provider selected (name)

Data source (e.g. URL or DOI)
If the dataset was obtained via personal communication, please write the email of the person you obtained it from
Example: https://osf.io/4t11m/?view=211_physics@gmail.com

Copyright
Please choose the level of copyright for the dataset. If you are unsure, or need to confirm the restrictions at a later date, please select 'Unknown'

Copyright details
Please add any relevant comments concerning copyright (e.g. details of specific copyright terms)

Citation
If you used this dataset, please include customized citation for this dataset
Example: UNEP-WCMC & IUCN (2019). The World Database on Protected Areas (WDPA). www.protectedplanet.net

Source
Please choose a source location for the dataset - Choose 'Regional' for international/regional datasets in the WIO, country codes for national data and 'Global' for datasets with a full global extent
Regional

Theme
Data has one main theme and sub-theme for the data. If the dataset contains data relevant in multiple themes, choose one that is the most appropriate, and specify other relevant themes for the dataset in the tags section below
Unknown



Open code and data
github.com/wiosymphony

App to organise &
track data sources

Products
Made to be remade...

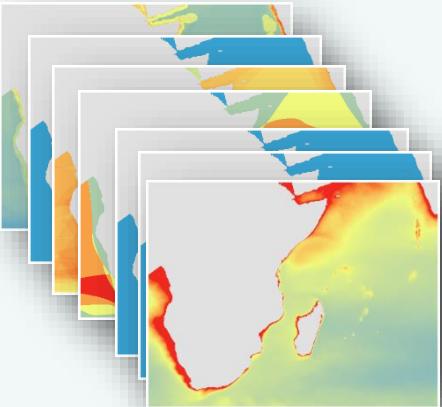
Overview Repositories 3 Projects Packages Stars

Find a repository... Type Language Sort New

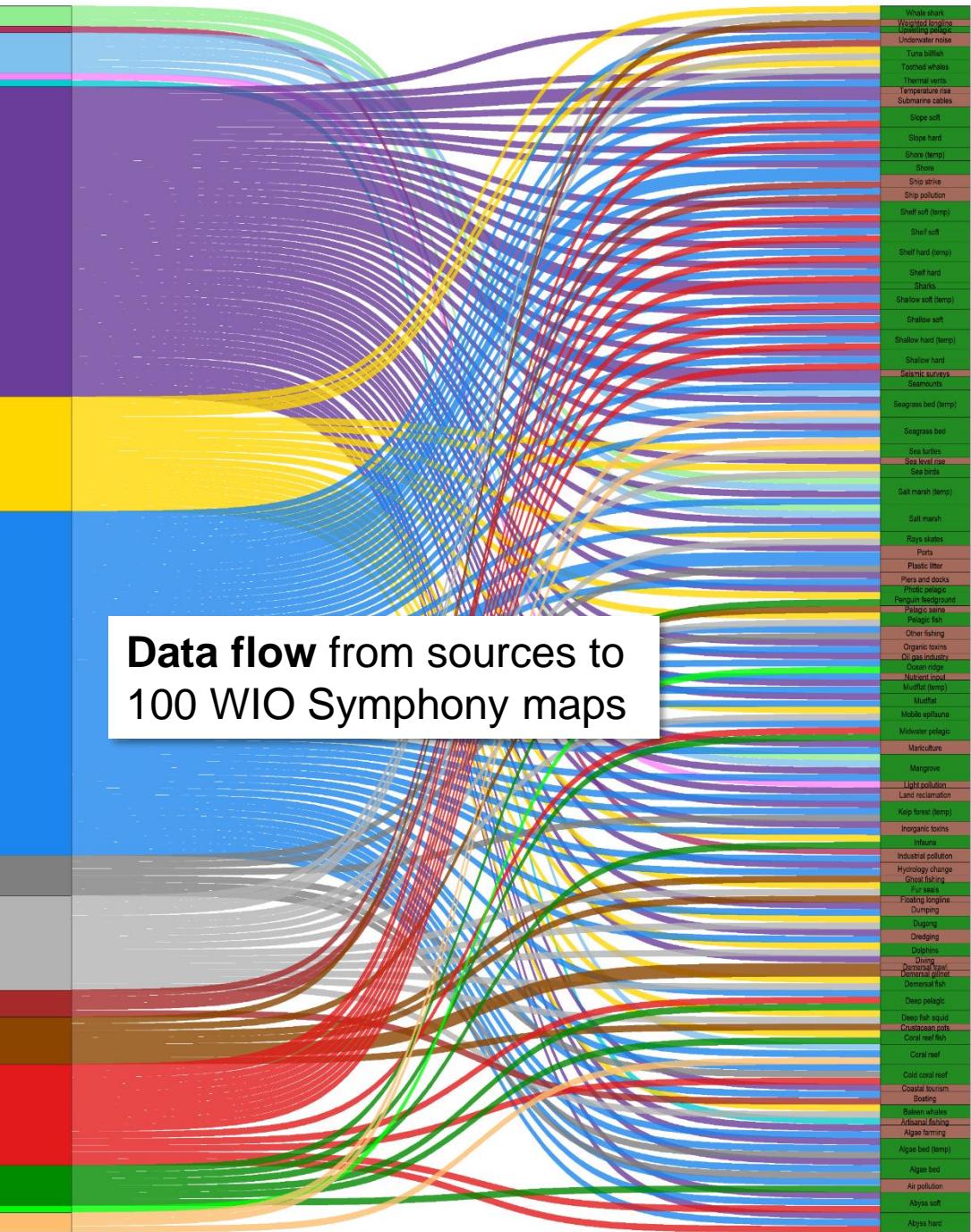
WIOSym_InfoChannel Public UPDATE, PUBLIC INFO UNDER CONSTRUCTION ★ 1 Updated on 4 Mar

wiosym Private Main directory for all wiosym files (code, metadata, folders - no data files), kept private for now ★ 1 Updated on 16 Dec 2021





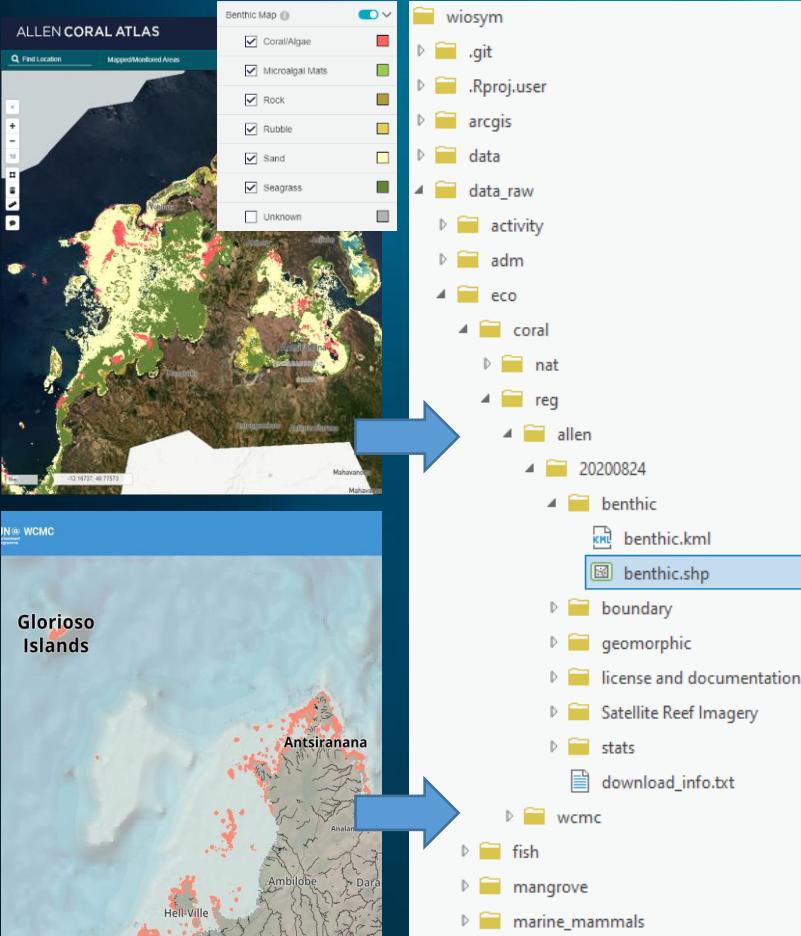
World Wide Fund for Nature
World Resources Institute
UNEP World Conservation Monitoring Centre
U.S. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
The Nature Conservancy



WIO Symphony Data Process

from habitat scale to management scale

Fresh ingredients and a
well organised kitchen



Cookbook & oven

- Data processing
 - open source
 - reproducible

```
# coral_indata_full
dir(path_raw, recursive=TRUE, pattern=".shp")
coral_sf_full <- st_read(paste(path_raw, "reg/allen/20200824/benthic/benthic_sf.shp"))
coral_sf_wcmc_full <- st_read(paste(path_raw, "reg/wcmc/20200317/14_001_wcmc_sf.shp"))

# wiosym_grid
dir("./data/grid/reg/v00/") #optional inputs: .recursive = TRUE, pattern = ".tif"
grid_id_1km <- raster("./data/grid/reg/v00/grid_1km_v00.tif")
grid_id_250m <- raster("./data/grid/reg/v00/grid_250m_v00.tif")
outline_na_paste(path_data, "grid_id_1km_na", version = 1, sep = "")
grid_id_1km_na <- raster("./data/grid/reg/v00/grid_1km_na_v00.tif")
grid_id_250m_na <- raster("./data/grid/reg/v00/grid_250m_na_v00.tif")

grid_poly <- st_read("./data/grid/reg/v00/bounding_box/w20_bounding_box_v00.tif")
```



```
# Map Allen coral area (Allen coral atlas) from shape to raster grid -----
coral_sf <- coral_sf_full
glimpse(coral_sf)
unique(coral_sf$class)
class(coral_sf)

#select coral polygons
coral_sf_sel <- coral_sf %>%
  filter(class_code == 1) %>%
  mutate(class_code = recode(class, "Coral/Algae" = "1")) %>%
  mutate(class_code = as.numeric(class_code))
# recode(class_code, "Coral/Algae" = 1)

glimpse(coral_sf_sel)

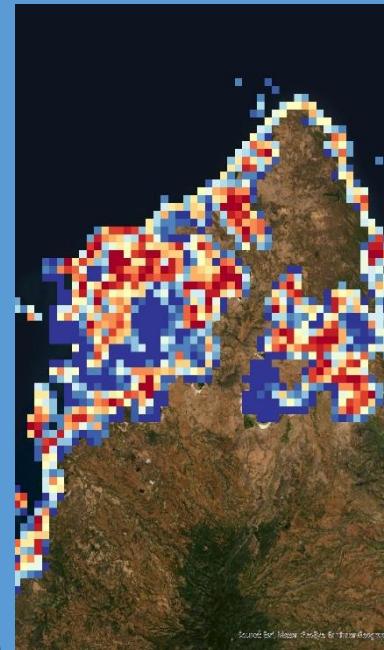
# conversion from coral shape to raster
#write coral file to work directory for gdalutil
st_write(coral_sf_sel,paste(path_work, "coral_sf_sel_full.shp", sep = ""))
# write empty grid for gdalutil work
writeRaster(grid_id_1km_na, paste(path_work, "grid_id_1km_na_coral_allen_full.tif"))
writeRaster(grid_id_250m_na, paste(path_work, "grid_id_250m_na_coral_allen_full.tif"))

# 1km grid mapping
coral Warp <- gdalUtilities::gdal_rasterize(src_datasource = paste(path_work, "coral_sf_sel_full.shp", sep = ""),
                                             dst_filename = paste(path_work, "grid_id_1km_na_coral_allen.tif"),
                                             b = 1,
                                             at = 1,
                                             a = "class_code",
                                             output_Raster = TRUE,
                                             )

# 250m grid mapping
coral Warp <- gdalUtilities::gdal_rasterize(src_datasource = paste(path_work, "coral_sf_sel_full.shp", sep = ""),
                                             dst_filename = paste(path_work, "grid_id_250m_na_coral_allen.tif"),
                                             b = 1,
                                             at = 1,
                                             a = "class_code",
                                             output_Raster = TRUE,
```

Main course

- Maps of corals
 - combined sources
 - standardised



Side dish

- Maps of potential corals
 - env. proxy
 - caution areas



Precautions

- Uncertainty
 - maps
 - metadata





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2. Sensitivity Matrix

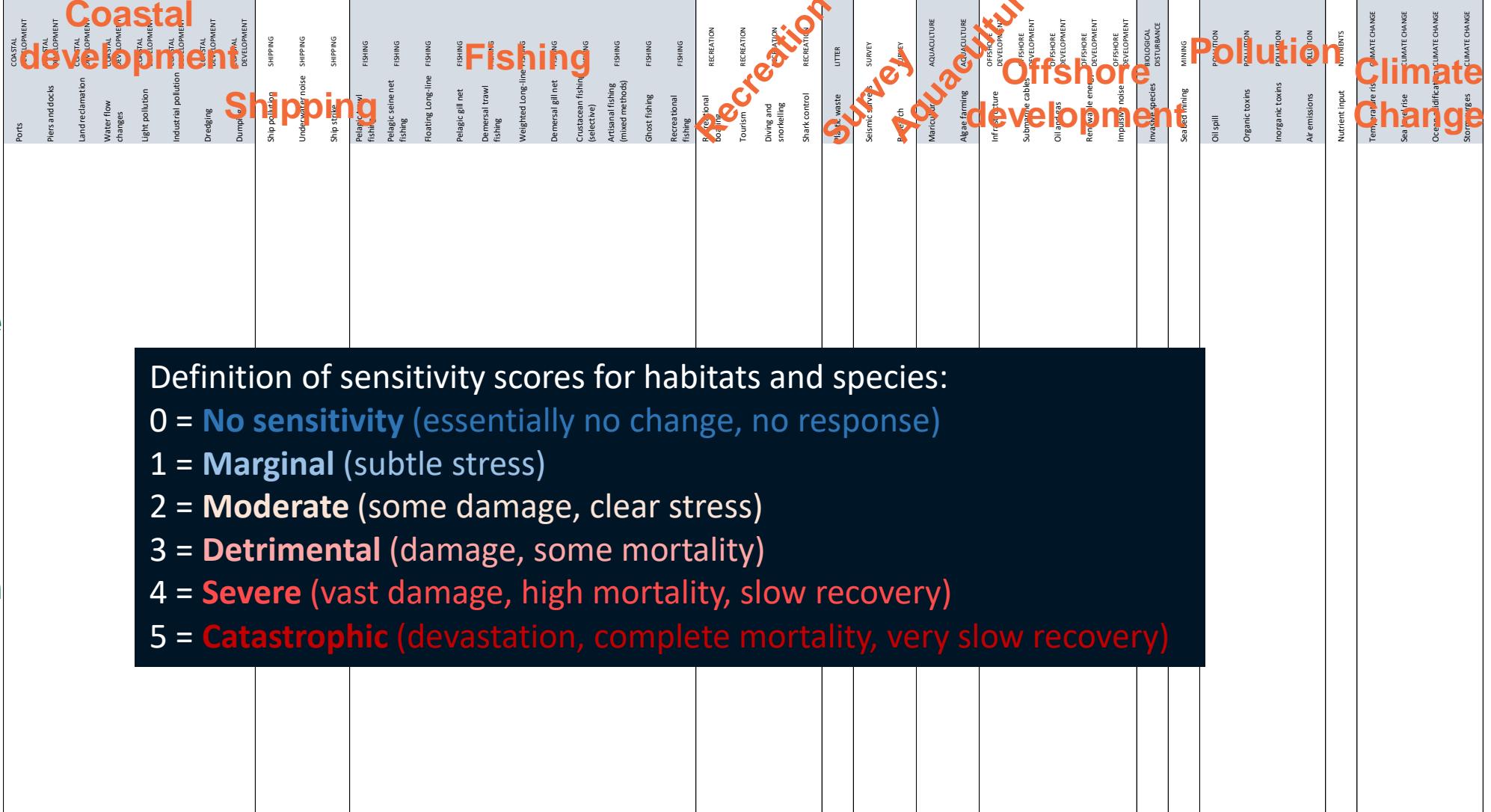
Number of
respondents

Mammals & reptiles
 Mammals - Seals, bats, porpoises, whale, dolphin
 Mammals - Baleen whales
 Mammals - Toothed whales
 Mammals - Sea lions
 Mammals - Seals
 Reptiles - Turtles
 Fish - Tuna & billfish
 Fish - Pelagic fish (other)
 Fish - Demersal fish & squid
 Fish - Deepwater fish
 Fish - Coral reef fish
 Fish - Sharks (predatory)
 Fish - Ray/Ray/Whiptail
 Invertebrates - Mobile epifauna
 Invertebrates - Infuna

Tropical - Shore
 Tropical - Mudflats
 Tropical - Shallow soft bottom
 Tropical - Shallow rocky bottom
 Tropical - Between 0m & 10m
 Tropical - Between 10m & 40m
 Tropical - Mangrove
 Tropical - Seagrass
 Tropical - Coral reef shallow
 Tropical - Coral reef deep (>40m)
 Tropical - Macro algae bed
 Tropical - Salt marsh

Open ocean - Continental slope soft bottom
 Open ocean - Continental slope rocky bottom
 Open ocean - Abyssal plain (deep soft bottom)
 Open ocean - Abyssal rock (deep hard bottom)
 Open ocean - Submarine mountain
 Open ocean - Mid-ocean ridge
 Open ocean - Cold-water coral reef
 Open ocean - Pelagic sand
 Open ocean - Pelagic midwater
 Open ocean - Pelagic deep water
 Open ocean - Pelagic upwelling

Temperate - Shore
 Temperate - Mudflats
 Temperate - Shallow water (<10m)
 Temperate - Deep water (>10m)
 Temperate - Deeper (>40) rocky bottom
 Temperate - Eel forest
 Temperate - Seagrass bed
 Temperate - Salt marsh
 Temperate - Penguin feeding area
 Temperate - Sea birds



Definition of sensitivity scores for habitats and species:

0 = **No sensitivity** (essentially no change, no response)

1 = **Marginal** (subtle stress)

2 = **Moderate** (some damage, clear stress)

3 = **Detrimental** (damage, some mortality)

4 = **Severe** (vast damage, high mortality, slow recovery)

5 = **Catastrophic** (devastation, complete mortality, very slow recovery)



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Sensitivity score (mean)

Coastal development

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Mammals & Reptiles

Mammals - Mammals & Porpoises
Mammals - Baleen Whales
Mammals - Toothed whales
Mammals - seals
Mammals - bats
Reptiles - Turtles

Fish - Tuna & billfish
Fish - Pelagic fish (other)
Fish - Deep sea fish & scuba
Fish - Demersal fish
Fish - Coral reef fish
Fish - Sharks (predator)
Fish - Vertebrates

Tropical - Shallow soft bottom
Tropical - Shallow rocky bottom
Tropic. I - Eelgrass (>0m) soft bottom
Tropical - Deeper (>40m) rocky bottom
Tropical - Mangrove
Tropical - grass bed
Tropical - Coral reef shallow

habitats

Temperate habitats

- Temperate - Mudflats
- Temperate - Shallow water bottom
- Temperate - Deeper (>40m) soft bottom
- Temperate - Deeper (>40m) rocky bottom
- Temperate - Kelp forest
- Temperate - Seagrass bed
- Temperate - Salt marsh

Coastal Development		Shipping		Fishing		Recreation		Survey		Aquaculture		Offshore Development		Pollution		Climate Change	
COASTAL DEVELOPMENT	COASTAL DEVELOPMENT	Piers and docks	Land reclamation	Waterflow changes	Light pollution	Industrial pollution	Dredging	Dumping	Development	FISHING	FISHING	RECREATION	RECREATION	MARINE POLLUTION	POLLUTION	CLIMATE CHANGE	
COASTAL DEVELOPMENT	COASTAL DEVELOPMENT	Piers and docks	Land reclamation	Waterflow changes	Light pollution	Industrial pollution	Dredging	Dumping	Development	FISHING	FISHING	RECREATION	RECREATION	MARINE POLLUTION	POLLUTION	CLIMATE CHANGE	
COASTAL DEVELOPMENT	COASTAL DEVELOPMENT	Piers and docks	Land reclamation	Waterflow changes	Light pollution	Industrial pollution	Dredging	Dumping	Development	FISHING	FISHING	RECREATION	RECREATION	MARINE POLLUTION	POLLUTION	CLIMATE CHANGE	
2.5	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.5	2.8	1.7	1.7	2.3	2.7	2.7	1.3	2.7	2.3	2.5	1.3	2.0	2.0
1.5	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.3	2.5	2.7	2.0	4.0	3.3	3.7	1.3	1.3	2.0	2.5	1.7	2.0	2.0
1.5	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.3	2.3	1.7	2.0	3.3	2.7	3.3	3.0	1.3	2.5	2.0	1.7	2.0	2.0
1.5	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.3	2.8	2.0	2.0	3.0	2.7	2.7	2.0	2.0	2.5	1.7	2.0	2.0	2.0
1.0	1.0	1.0	0.7	1.5	3.0	2.0	2.0	4.0	2.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
2.0	1.8	1.8	1.3	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	4.0	2.3	3.0	3.3	2.0	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.7	2.2
1.4	1.0	0.6	0.5	1.3	1.9	1.6	1.0	1.3	2.0	1.1	2.9	2.8	3.9	3.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
1.7	1.1	0.9	0.5	1.2	2.2	1.8	1.3	1.6	1.3	0.9	3.2	2.8	2.0	2.8	1.7	0.4	2.1
1.2	0.5	0.3	0.7	1.7	2.0	2.5	1.7	1.3	1.5	0.4	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.0	1.3	0.5	1.0
1.4	1.3	3.1	2.0	1.9	2.6	3.3	1.8	2.0	1.5	0.8	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.8	2.3	1.0	1.8
2.1	1.8	2.9	2.0	1.9	2.9	2.0	2.0	2.3	1.8	1.0	1.6	1.4	2.1	2.0	3.0	1.7	2.3
1.4	1.0	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.8	2.0	1.4	3.0	2.6	3.1	3.0	2.8	1.5	1.6
0.7	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.9	1.4	1.6	2.2	2.1	2.7	2.2	1.7	2.0	1.8	0.8	1.5
1.2	1.0	1.3	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.6	2.2	1.4	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.7	2.0	1.7	1.6
2.0	1.7	3.4	2.0	1.4	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.2	1.4	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.5	2.8	1.5	1.7
2.0	1.8	3.2	2.4	0.8	2.5	3.2	2.8	2.4	1.4	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.5	2.4	0.5	2.0	1.6
2.1	2.6	3.3	2.3	1.3	2.0	2.3	2.0	2.0	1.4	1.4	0.4	0.4	1.0	1.0	0.8	1.2	1.7
2.3	2.0	3.5	2.3	0.5	2.0	2.0	1.3	1.3	0.3	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.7	0.0	1.3
1.7	1.3	1.7	2.3	0.5	1.5	2.8	1.3	1.8	0.5	3.0	1.3	1.3	2.0	2.0	3.3	1.9	1.5
1.5	2.8	3.2	0.7	0.5	0.7	2.0	1.3	1.5	0.5	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	3.3	2.0	1.5	1.6
1.8	2.0	2.3	0.7	0.5	1.0	2.8	0.8	2.0	0.5	1.0	1.3	1.3	2.0	2.3	1.5	2.0	1.5
2.0	2.2	2.5	0.7	0.5	1.2	2.8	0.8	2.0	0.5	2.0	0.8	1.8	3.3	1.8	1.5	2.0	1.5
3.2	3.0	4.3	3.5	0.5	2.8	1.8	3.3	1.3	0.5	2.0	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	2.8	1.5	2.0
2.4	3.0	3.8	2.3	1.3	2.5	3.4	3.0	2.6	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.2	2.7	2.3	1.8	2.4	2.1
2.4	3.0	3.6	1.8	0.5	3.0	4.0	2.5	2.8	2.2	2.0	2.8	1.3	2.0	4.0	2.7	2.0	2.4
1.5	2.0	3.0	1.0	0.5	3.0	4.2	2.2	2.8	2.2	2.3	3.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	4.5	3.7	2.0
2.3	1.6	3.0	1.7	0.5	3.0	2.3	1.3	1.3	1.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.0	1.0	3.0	3.0	1.0
2.2	1.8	3.0	2.3	0.5	2.3	2.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.5	0.5	2.5	0.5	2.0	1.5	1.6
1.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.5	1.7	2.0	1.0	1.3	0.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.7	0.0	1.3
0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.3	1.0	2.7	1.7	0.7	1.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	4.0	2.0	0.0	1.1
1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	3.0	1.7	1.0	1.3	0.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	1.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	3.0	1.0	1.3	0.0	2.7	3.0	3.0	3.3	3.0	1.0	1.1
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	1.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.0	5.0	3.0	3.0	1.7	0.0	3.0	4.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	2.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0</td														

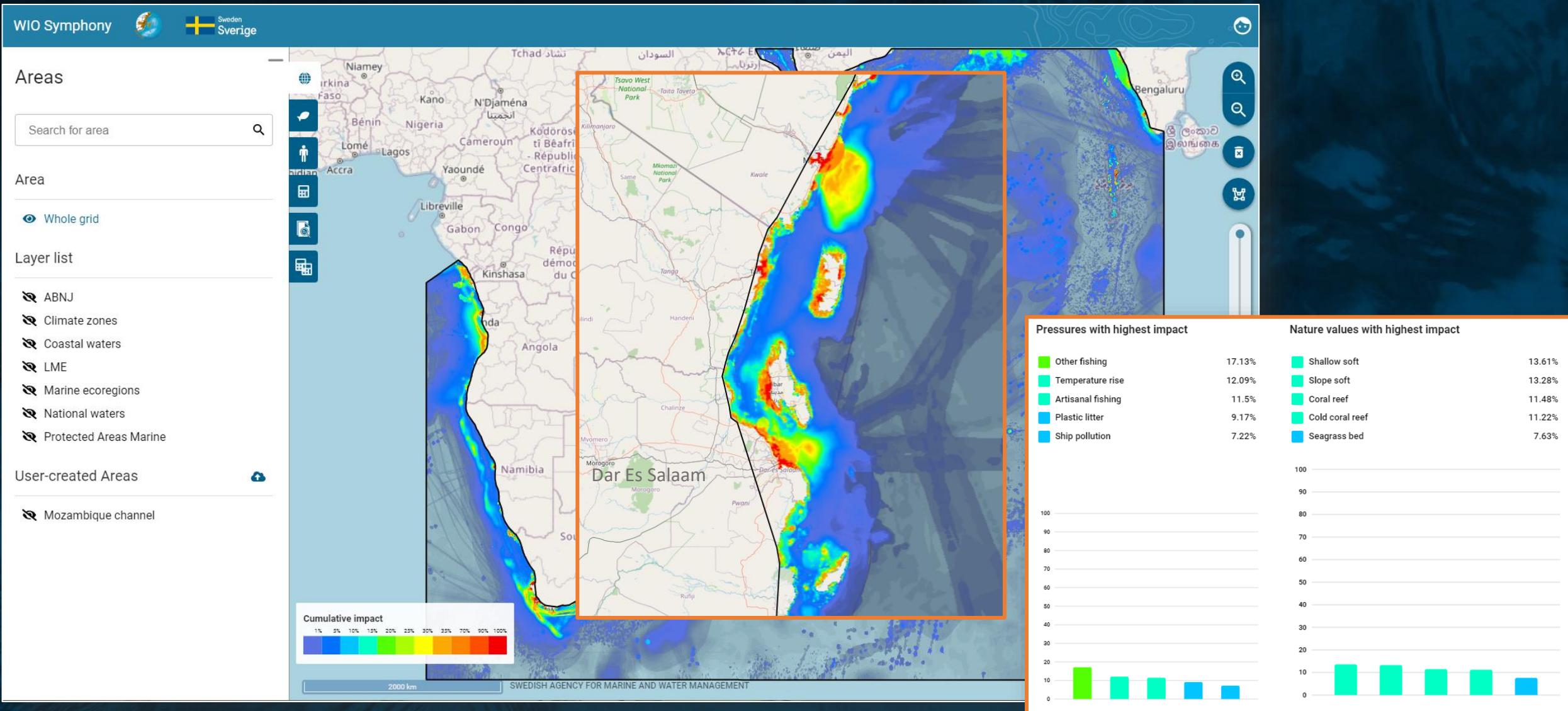


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How this tool could support MSP ?



1. Cumulative impact assessment



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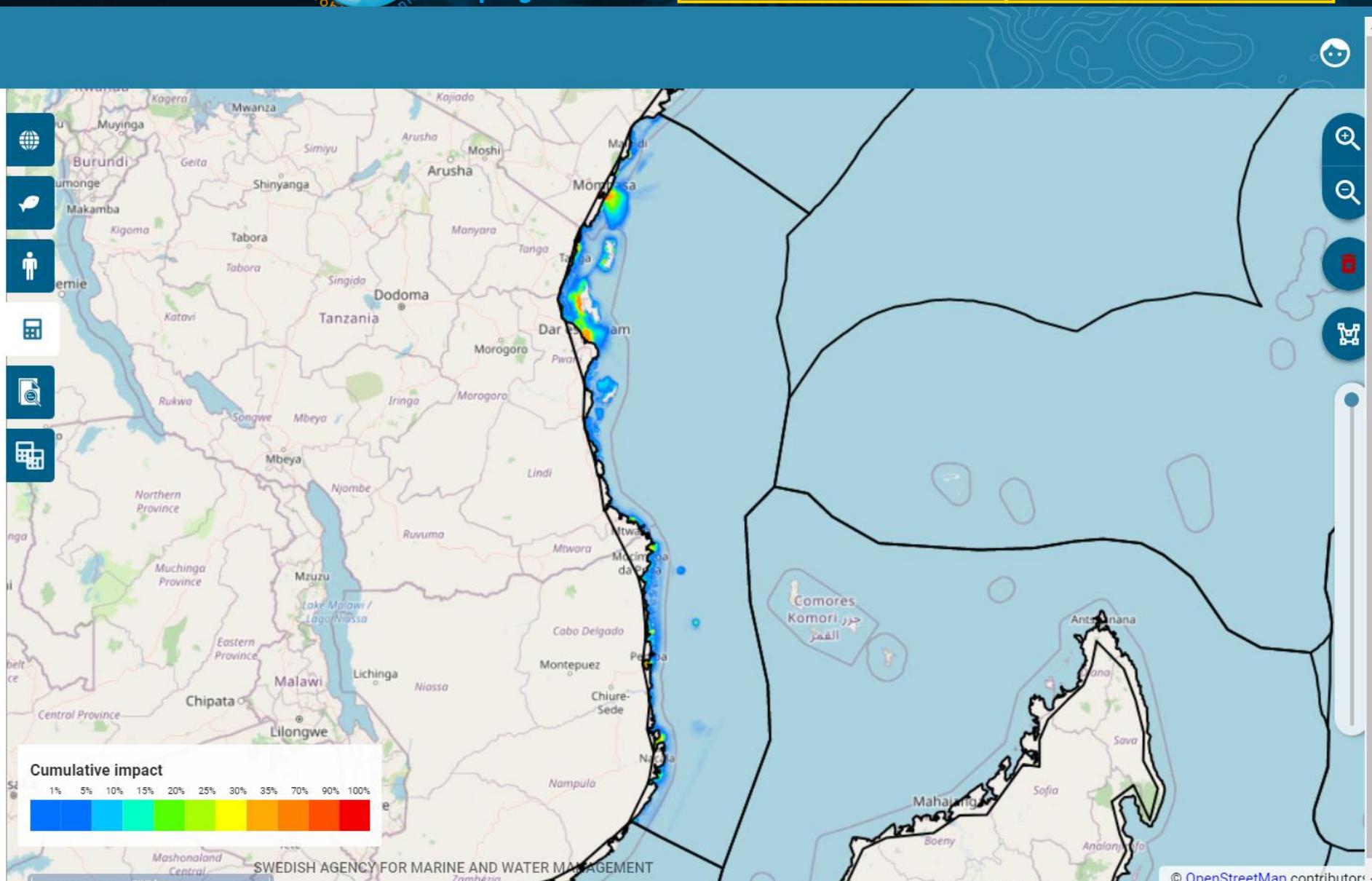
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Scenarios

No area selected

User scenarios

Baseline East African Coral Coast (200...
2022-10-11 09:35)



2. Rarity adjusted cumulative impact



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Rarity East African Coral
Coast

Algorithm

Rarity-adjusted cumulative impact

Calculate rarity indices based on:

- Data grid extent
- Calculated area extent

Scenario Changes

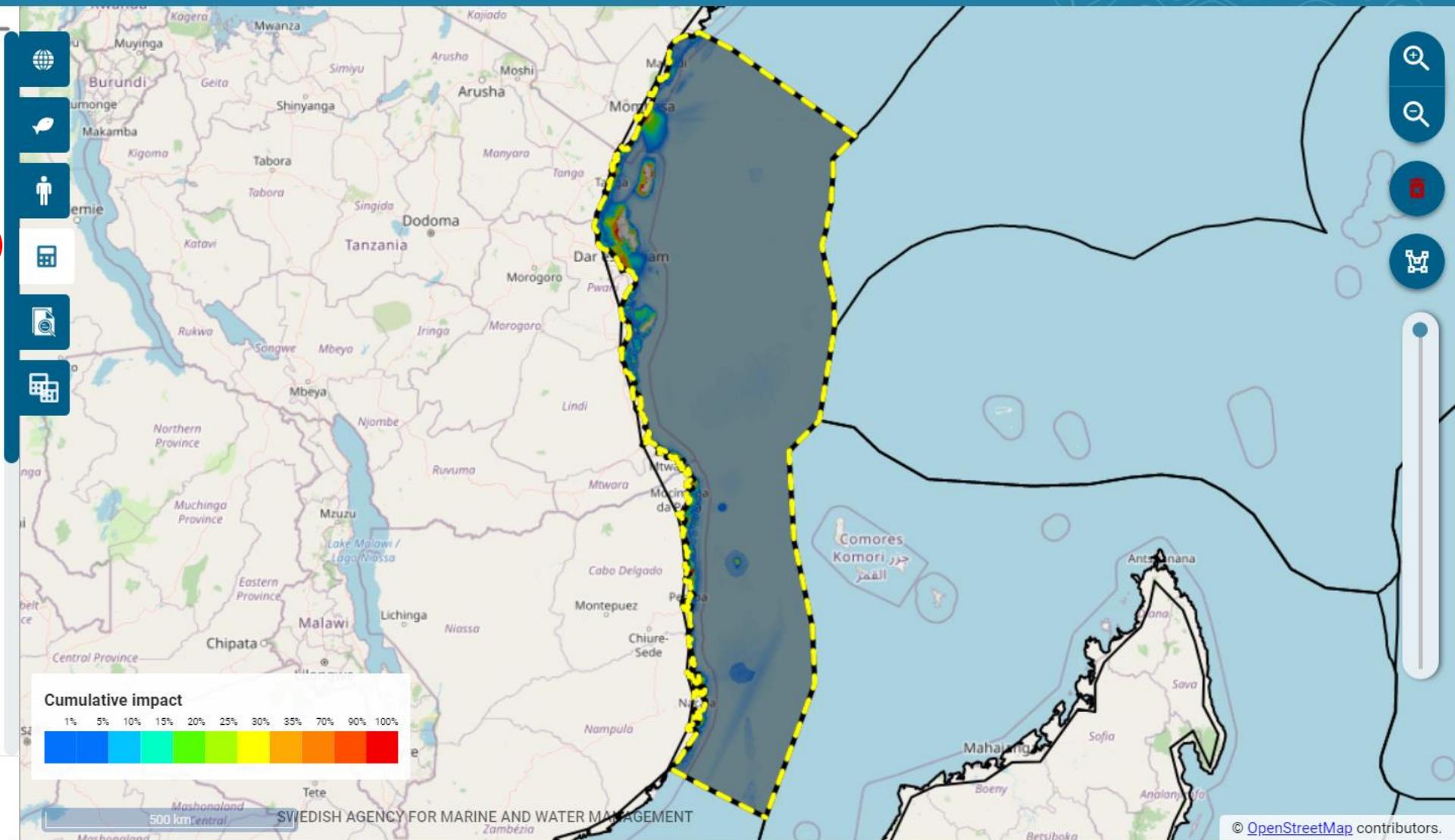
East African Coral Coast (20095)

Sensitivity Matrix

- Default matrix (Western Indian Ocean)
- User-defined matrix

DELETE

CALCULATE



3. Create a planning scenario and compare baseline



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Compare calculations

Calculation A

Baseline Pemba Channel Conservation Area

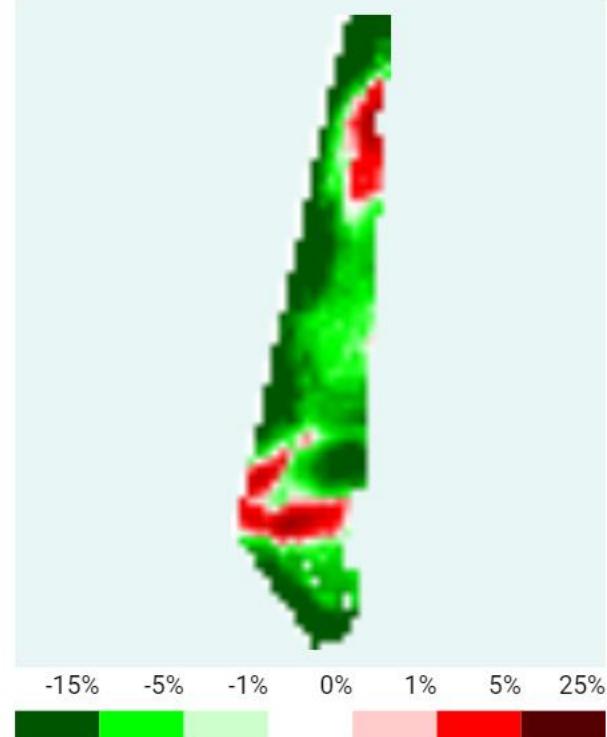
Calculation B

MSP Scenario Pemba Channel Conservation Area

Calculation Comparison Report

Baseline Pemba Channel Conservation Area and MSP Scenario
Pemba Channel Conservation Area

Havs
och
Vatten
myndigheten



Baseline version: BASELINE2022-v5
Algorithm: Cumulative impact

Cumulative effect

Baseline	MSP Scenario	Relative change
Pemba Channel Conservation	Pemba Channel Conservation	
Area	Area	
Total:	15,646,293	29,421,176
Average:	9,902,7171	9,310,4987
Min:	0	0
Max:	111,926	94,743
Std. Dev.:	14,608.5369	13,499.1685
Calculated area:	98.75 km²	

* The image shows the relative difference in total cumulative impact between the base and what-if scenario.

OPEN IN NEW TAB

COMPARE CALCULATIONS

PRINT

4. Find a suitable location for blue economy development



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Offshore Comoro DEV

Algorithm

Cumulative impact

Scenario Changes

Comoro DEV

Sensitivity Matrix

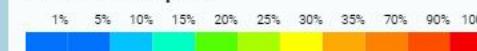
Default matrix (Western Indian Ocean)

User-defined matrix

Välj matris

EDIT MATRIX

Cumulative impact



50 km

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DELETE

CALCULATE



50 km

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Split Scenarios & Batch Process

» New functions: Split Scenarios & Batch Process

- Generate multiple scenarios
- Split a scenario of several polygons into one scenario per area
- Create common or specific changes

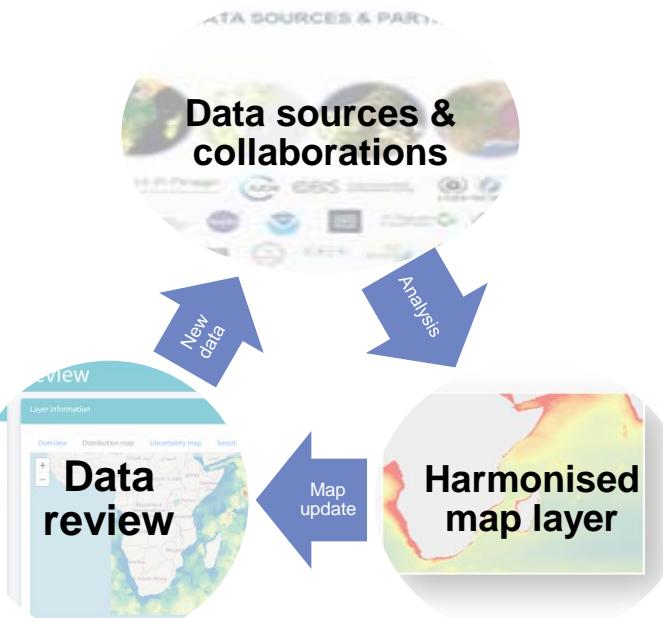
The screenshot shows the 'Scenarios' section of the WIO Symphony software. At the top, it says 'Scenarios' and 'No area selected'. Below that is a 'User Scenarios' section with a 'Filter scenarios by name' input field. There are four scenario entries, each with a checkbox and a timestamp:

- Untitled scenario 2023-11-15 16:16
 - East African Coral Coast (20095)
 - Bight of Sofala/Swamp Coast (20101)
- Untitled scenario 2023-11-15 15:54
 - Seychelles (20096)
 - Cargados Carajos/Tromelin Island (20097)
 - Mascarene Islands (20098)
- Untitled scenario - Mascarene Islands (20098) 2023-11-15 15:51
 - Mascarene Islands (20098)
- Untitled scenario - Cargados Carajos/Tromelin I... 2023-11-15 15:51
 - Cargados Carajos/Tromelin Island (20097)

A map of southern Africa is visible in the background, showing countries like South Africa, Lesotho, and Botswana. On the right side, there are several blue square icons with white symbols: a globe, a leaf, a person, a calculator, a magnifying glass, and a document.

WIO Symphony development

Production of individual map layers



Roles & responsibilities

Data contributors (e.g. TWG): Make new source data available

Expert Analyst (e.g. Bastien, Pichaya): Turns data sources into harmonised map & document process

Other experts (e.g. WIOMSA): Review maps and contribute to process / data

Map layer PI* (e.g. Gustav, Ed):
Check and approve all above
Organise work

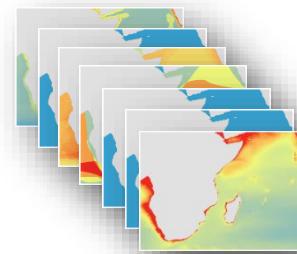
Outputs include:

- map layers including additional environmental data and uncertainty maps
- documented code (GitHub)
- well organized data
- metadata (GitHub)

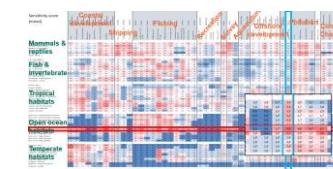
* PI – Principle Investigator

Tool development

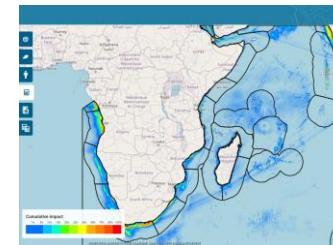
Ecosystem / Pressure maps



Sensitivity Matrix



WIO Symphony Tool



Roles & responsibilities

Map layer PI (e.g. Ed, Pichaya, Gustav, Mårten):
Develop guides and data infrastructure
Organize workshops
QC maps and metadata
Converts maps into stack
Distributes to tool and map portal

Matrix PI (e.g. Linus, Charlotte):
First review of matrix+maps
Organize workshops

Experts (e.g. TWG, WIOMSA):
Input into sensitivity scores
Review sensitivity scores

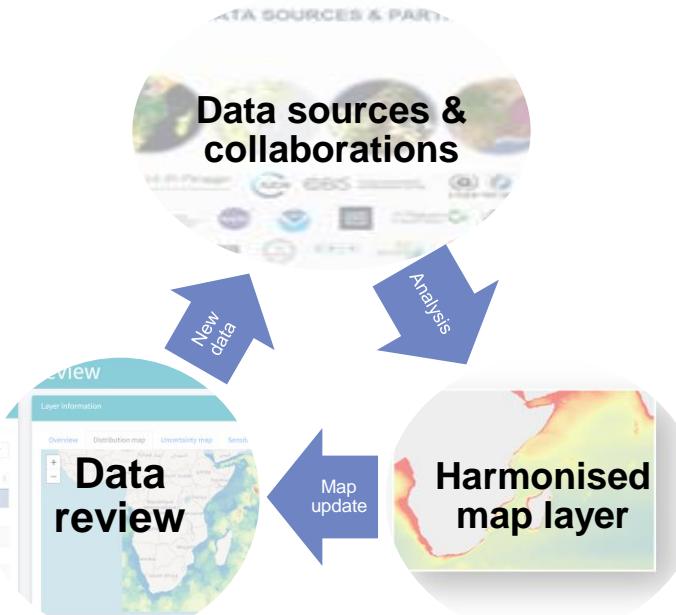
Tool PI (e.g. Linus):
Prioritizes developments

Lead developer (e.g. Ann):
Develops tool and code base

IT / server manager (e.g. Elijah):
Tool and server maintenance

WIO Symphony management

Update of individual map layers



Outputs include:

- map layers including additional environmental data and uncertainty maps
- documented code (GitHub)
- well organized data
- metadata (GitHub)

Roles & responsibilities

Data contributors:

Make new source data available

Expert Analyst:

Turns data sources into harmonised map & document process

Other experts:

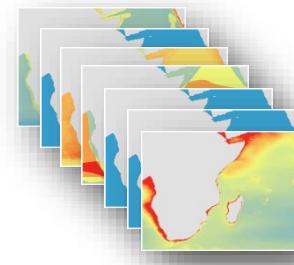
Review maps and contribute to process / data

Technical staff :

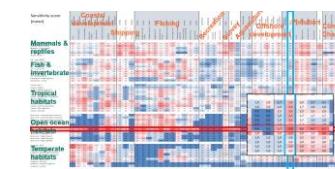
Check and approve all above.
Organise work

Tool management

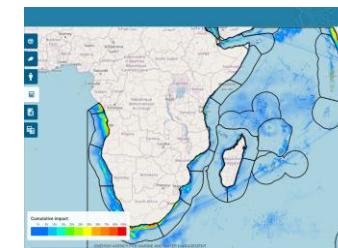
Ecosystem / Pressure maps



Sensitivity Matrix



WIO Symphony Tool



Roles & responsibilities

Coordinator function (NCS):

Approve/request map layer updates
Metadata point of contact

Technical staff:

Maintain guides and data infrastructure
QC maps and metadata of new map layers
Converts maps into stack
Distributes to tool and map portal

Scientific board:

Decision/approval of matrix update
Ensure maps are compatible with matrix

Experts:

Input to updated sensitivity scores
New review sensitivity scores

Technical staff:

Prioritizes developments and tool updates
Uploads new branches when relevant

IT / server manager:

Tool and server maintenance

External developer:

Develops tool and code base for GitHub



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Thank you



Exercises



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1. Identify the key features of your MSP and utilize these features to formulate your MSP objectives.
2. Utilize the WIO Symphony tool to support your MSP plan.
3. Deliver a 15-minute presentation of the results of your Environmental-based MSP from WIO Symphony within your country groups



1. *Tanzania mainland*
2. *Zanzibar*
3. *Kenya*
4. *Somalia*
5. *Mozambique*
6. *The Comoros*
7. *Madagascar*
8. *Mauritius*



No scenario changes
 Make changes in the Ecosystem or Pressures tabs.

Select area



Ecosystem



Human pressures



Algorithm

Cumulative impact

Rarity-adjusted cumulative impact

Result Colormap

Set maximum value based on:

95e percentile in MSP area

Maximum value in computed area

Mean +/- multiple of standard deviation:

User-defined value:



DELETE

CALCULATE



Calculation report

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● Select / deselect multiple areas using {{ ctrlbutton }} + click.

Calculate cumulative impact

History Reports

Compare scenarios

● Active scenario

Scenario Mombasa (Kenya Wildlife Service)

Exit

Cumulative impact

1% 5% 10% 15% 20% 25% 30% 35% 70% 90% 100%



Delete



Draw polygons



Edge smoothing

